

The Impact of Apology and Disclosure: Staff and Patient Healing

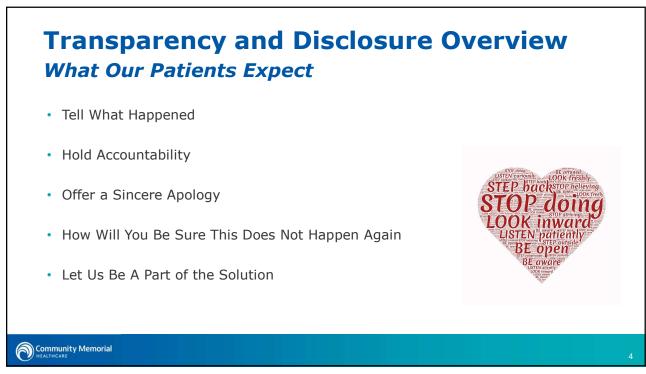
Maureen Archambault, RN, MBA, HRM, CPHRM, FASHRM Chief Quality and Risk Officer

August 2024

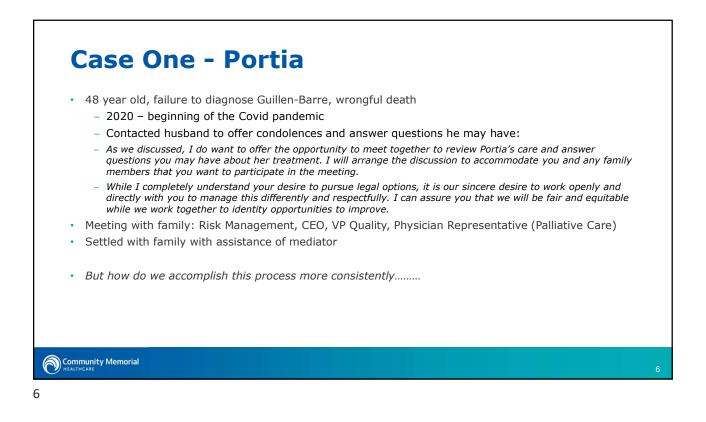
"Our challenges with openness have significant consequences. Progress in improving health care safety and quality is slowed when a lack of openness impedes learning. It also compounds the suffering of patients who have been harmed by health care, heightens the distress of involved clinicians, and undermines the public trust."

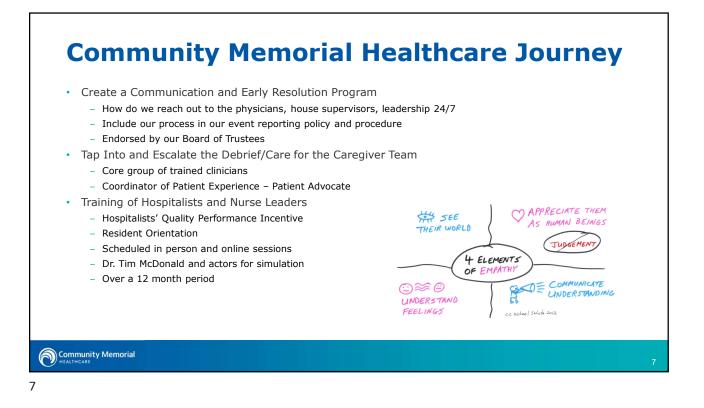
Dr. Thomas Gallagher

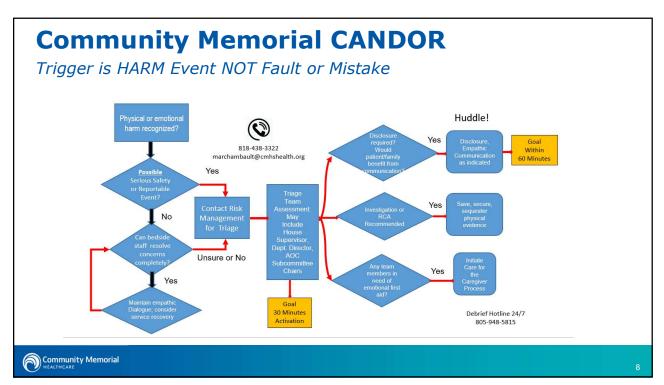


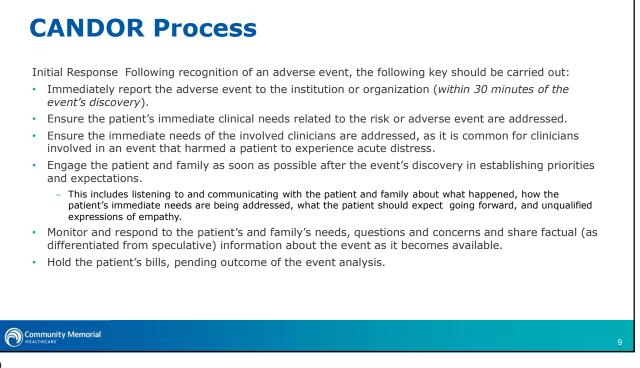




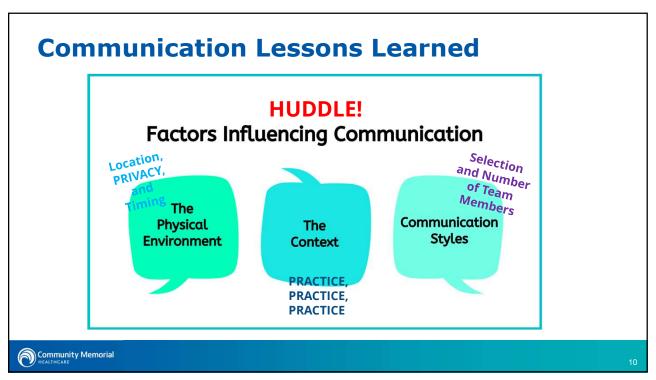












MICRA Changes – Broaden Apology 2023

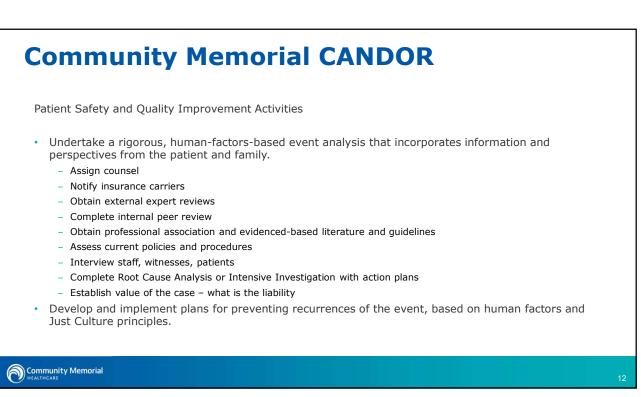
AB 35 SEC. 5.

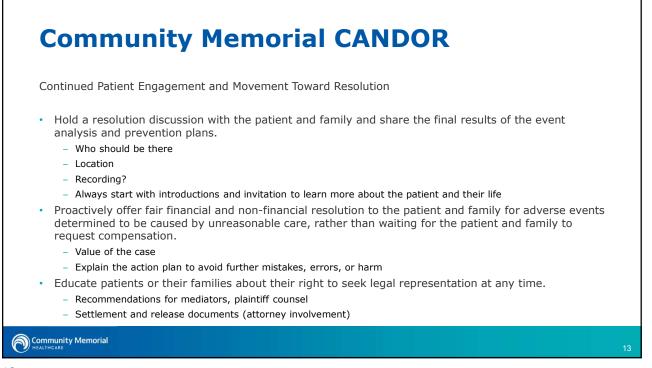
Chapter 3 (commencing with Section 104340) is added to Part 2 of Division 103 of the Health and Safety Code, to read:

CHAPTER 3. Expressions of Sympathy, Benevolence, or Fault in Health Care 104340.

- (a) Statements, writings, or benevolent gestures expressing sympathy, regret, a general sense of benevolence, or suggesting, reflecting, or accepting fault relating to the pain, suffering, or death of a person, or to an adverse patient safety event or unexpected health care outcome, in relation to an act or omission to act in the provision of or failure to provide health care, and made to that person or the family or representative of that person prior to the filing of a lawsuit or demand for arbitration, shall be confidential, privileged, protected, not subject to subpoena, discovery, or disclosure, and shall not be used or admitted into evidence in any civil, administrative, regulatory, licensing, or disciplinary board, agency, or body action or proceeding, and shall not be used or admitted in relation to any sanction, penalty, or other liability, as evidence of an admission of liability or for any other purpose, and all such communications, whether verbal, electronic, in writing, or in any other form, shall also be entitled to the privileges and protections set forth in Sections 1119, 1152, 1157, and 1160 of the Evidence Code.
- (b) For purposes of this section:
- (1) "Adverse patient safety event or unexpected health care outcome" means any event or condition identified in Section 2216.3 of the Business and Professions Code, Section 1279.1, and any act or omission to act by a health care provider in the rendering of professional services resulting in, alleged to have resulted in, or with the potential to result in injury or death to one or more persons and that is not the result of knowingly or purposefully harmful action.
- (2) "Benevolent gestures" means any action that conveys a sense of compassion or commiseration emanating from humane impulses.
- (3) "Family" means the spouse, domestic partner, parent, grandparent, stepparent, child, guardian, stepchild, grandchild, sibling, halfsibling, adopted children of a parent, a spouse's parent, and in-laws of an injured party.

Community Memorial





13

Case 2 - Thomas

- Open heart surgery, upon arrival to the ICU it was discovered he had significant IV infiltration, resulting in compartment syndrome
- Immediate return to surgery
- Filet of arm for drainage
- · Loss of muscle function and tone, scars
- · Immediately notified by surgeon and nursing staff
- · Visited several times prior to discharge
- · Offered physical and occupational therapy and monetary compensation
 - "Changed his life"
 - Invited to be a member of our Patient and Family Advisory Council
- Lessons learned: visualization of IVs in surgery
 - Peripheral vs. Central Lines
 - Accountability

